1 Vocabulary jobs; personality adjectives

Jobs

1 Match these jobs with the things people said (1–12).

actor architect astronaut athlete camera operator cook firefighter hairdresser lawyer librarian politician soldier

- 1 I cut people's hair. hairdrasser
- 2 I help run the country. politician
- 3 I am a sportsperson. I can run very fast.
- 4 I work in a theatre. People watch me in plays and shows. actor
- 5 I design buildings. cuchitect
- 6 I fight for my country. Soldier
- 7 I make videos and films. Camera operator
- 8 I work in a library. Librarian
- 9 I put out fires. Fire Fighter
- 10 I travel into space. astronaut
- 11 I give advice about the law. Janyer

Personality adjectives

- Complete the sentences. Use two adjectives from the brackets.
 - 1 My aunt is a very generous person. She gives money to people if they have problems. She's also very hard -work and spends lots of time helping at a care centre. (hard-working / jealous / generous)
 - 2 Jack is very nervous about travelling to Spain next month because he doesn't like flying. His brother, Dan, though, is really relaxed and never gets worried about anything. (relaxed / honest / nervous)
 - 3 Katia is <u>Sociable</u> and she has got lots of friends, but sometimes she says <u>unkind</u> things and can upset people. (unkind / shy / sociable)
 - 4 I like Piotr, but he isn't very <u>re liable</u>. He's often late and forgets important dates. He's also quite <u>lazy</u> and he doesn't work very hard at school. (reliable / lazy / calm)
 - only started lessons recently, but fortunately my teacher is really patient and doesn't get annoyed with me. (patient / anxious / confident)
 - 6 I felt quite <u>miserable</u> when I woke up this morning because it was cold and raining, but now the sun's shining and I'm much more <u>cheer ful</u>. (cheerful / miserable / serious)

3 Complete the text with these words.

calm dangerous hard-working nervous patient reliable



Career focus: wildlife camera operator

This could be the perfect job for you if you enjoy working with film and also love nature.

It's important to be very 1 hard-work in this job -

It's important to be very hard-work in this job – you often work long hours, and sometimes you can't take any breaks. You also need to be 2 patient; you might have to wait a long time for the right moment, or the best light.

Sometimes you might film ³ dangerous animals, like lions or hippos, so if you're a very ⁴ nervous person, this probably isn't the best job for you!

Even in difficult situations, you have to stay

5 ______ and think about getting the best film.

It's also important to be 6 ______ . You can't forget an important piece of equipment because you often only get one chance to film an animal.

your ideas

Work in pairs.

- Which job from Exercise 1 would you like to do? Which job do you think your partner would be good at? Why?
- Choose three adjectives from Exercise 2 to describe yourself. Does your partner agree with the adjectives you chose?

Present simple and present continuous

- 1 Match the sentences (1-4) with the uses of the present simple (a-d).
 - 1 Water boils at 100°C. C
 - 2 His sister works at the sports centre. b
 - 3 The library opens at ten o'clock tomorrow.
 - 4 I always do my homework on Saturday mornings. 9

We use the present simple for ...

- a habits and repeated actions.
- b permanent situations.
- c scientific facts.
- d future actions based on timetables and schedules.
- 2 Match the sentences (1–5) with the uses of the present continuous (a–e).
 - 1 She's always borrowing my clothes!
 - 2 What are you doing at the weekend? C
 - 3 My brother's studying to be an architect. b
 - 4 I can't speak to you now, I'm having dinner. a
 - 5 Families are becoming smaller and smaller these days. e

We use the present continuous for ...

- a actions happening now.
- b temporary situations.
- c future plans.
- d annoying habits.
- e changing and developing situations in the present.
- Grammar reference 1.1, p161

Stative verbs

- 3 Read the sentences and underline the verbs. Then choose the correct option to complete the rule.
 - 1 Federico loves his new school.
 - 2 We understand the problem now.
 - 3 This food tastes delicious.
 - 4 Who owns the big house opposite the park?

Some verbs, e.g. *like, hate, be, belong* and *know* are stative verbs. They describe states and not actions. We don't use these verbs in simple / continuous forms.

- 4 Some verbs can be used as either stative or action verbs, but the meaning is different. Match the sentences (1–2) with the correct meaning of think (a–b).
 - 1 She thinks that firefighters are very brave.
 - 2 She's thinking of joining the fire service.
 - a to describe the act of thinking
 - b to give an opinion

LOOK!

We can use both have and have got for possession. I have / have got two sisters.

The meaning is the same, but have got is more informal. We usually use have in formal texts.

Grammar reference 1.2, p161

- 5 Choose the correct option to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Be quiet! Why are you be / are you being)so noisy today?
 - Where does she work? I'm not remembering / don't remembe) what her job is.
 - 3 Tatiana works / s working at her uncle's office this week.
 - 4 Karl isn't feeling well. He's seeing / He sees the doctor later today.
 - 5 Bella is looking like looks like her aunt.
 - 6 Sometimes (take) I'm taking the bus to school.
 - 7 Li Na visits is visiting her grandparents every weekend.
 - 8 Why do you think are you thinking the children are jealous of each other?
- 6 Complete the text with the present simple or present continuous form of the verb.

At the moment I an study 1 study) to be an
architect at university. The course ² (be)
At the moment I 1 an study 1 study) to be an architect at university. The course 2 15 (be) five years long and I 3 Finish fam (finish) in June next
year. 14 love (love) my course, although we
5 have (have) a lot of work! 16 90
(go) to lectures every day and as well as that, right now
17am working (work) on a special project with some
other students. We 8 ace defiging (design) a new
other students. We are designing (design) a new building for the university eco club. 19 am shoring
(share) a house with two other students at the moment. 1 10 like (like) them, but they 11 are always leaving
(always / leave) their dirty plates in the kitchen – it's
really annoying!

