FUTURE

In English we don't have one future tense. We use several forms to talk about different ideas about the future.

We	use	will 4	i	nfinitive	without	to:

- 1. to express a spontaneous decision made at the moment of speaking (on the spot
- You seem exhausted and can't carry these boxes; I'll help you.
- The phone rings. I'll answer it.
- Look! Mother just gave me JD 100. I.....(buy) myself a new jacket at last.
- Don't pick up the phone, I.....(answer) it.
- 'Do you want tea or coffee?'
 - 'I..... (have) a cup of tea, please.'
- 'I don't like this TV programme.' 'OK, I.....(switch) it off.'
- 'Have you done your homework?' 'No, I......(do) it later.'
- 'Who wants to help Farah with her project?'
 - 'l.....(get) information from the Internet.
- 'Is your brother coming to the match tomorrow?'
 - 'I don't know but I.....(ask) him when I see him.'
- 'Aren't you two going to help prepare the meal?'
 - 'Oh, sorry! I.....(help) you in a minute.'
- 2. We use will to talk about the future if we are predicting the future without evidence.
- I think she will win the competition.
- It's possible that Ali will pass the exam.
- I think that they will be late.
- In my opinion, teachers will be replaced by computers in the future.
- Natalie is going on holiday tomorrow. I'm sure she will enjoy it.

We can use if with perhaps, probably, maybe, I think, I hope and It's possible

- I think that Hamza..... (spend) Ramadan with his family in Amman.
- I think that in hundred years' time every big city.....(have five airports)
- I don't think my family.....in this city when I go to university. (stay)
- I don't think we.....all our pollution problems in the future. (solve)
- I'm too tired to walk home. I think I.....a taxi. (take)
- I feel a bit hungry. I think I.....something to eat. (have)

s use (be going to + infinitive without to) to talk about:

- 1. Future plans. It does not have to be for the near future.
- I'm going to study law.
- I'm going to do my assignments every night next week.
- I'm going to see the dentist this weekend.
- I've decided to stay at home tonight I am going to study for my history test.

2. predictions based on evidence

- There are lots of clouds, it's going to rain.
- Salman is blindfolded; he's going to fall down in the hole.
- Sami didn't prepare well for his exams, he's going to fail.
- He doesn't look healthy and never does any exercise. He is going to have a heart attack.
- Just look at Farah. Everyone can see that she is going to fall asleep any second now.
- Look at all this ice. We are not going to reach the top of the mountain, so let's go back.
- Our team is playing very badly. We are not going to win this game.
- I feel terrible. I.....sick. (be)

A review of future forms

- The Present Simple is used when there is a scheduled or fixed events in the future.
- The Present Continuous is used for a personal arrangement.
- Going to is used for intentions and will is used for spontaneous decisions.
- Going to is used for predictions based on evidence
- Will is used for predictions based on opinions and beliefs.

امتحان قياسي على المستقبل مع will أو be going to

1	People on Mars in the future. (live)
7	Hani is playing with fire. He himself. (hurt)
2 ,	I think paper books in the future. (disappear)
J 1	Don't carry that box. I it. (carry)
5	We football after school this afternoon. (play)
6	What do you like to drink? I lemon juice. (have)
7	I think the English exam easy. (be)
8	Perhaps Amal us tomorrow. (VISIT)
9	Look! The little boy is on the tree. He (fall down)
10	Robots our houses in the future. (run)
11	Rami is working very hard for Tawjihi. He at university. (study)
12	Experts believe that global warming very soon. (not decrease)
13	It is expected that oil in 2050. (run out)
14	Nawal is very tired tonight. She very early in the morning.
	(not wake up)
15	My father next year. (retire)
16	My father is 59 years old. He next year. (retire)

Answers

8

- is going to fall down will live 1 10 will run is going to hurt 2 11 is going to study will disappear 3 12 will not decrease 'Il carry 4 are going to play 5 6
 - 13 will run out 14 is not going to wake up 'll have 15 will retire will be 16 is going to retire 7 will visit

Fill in the gaps with the correct form of will or be going to and the verb in brackets.

1	A: Why are you buying flour and eggs?
	D. Booguso I 'm going to make (make) a cake.
2	A: I have decided what to buy Mum for her birthday.
2	B: Really? What
	b: Heally? What
	(you/buy) for her?
3	A: Did you ask Jackie to the party? B: Oh no! I forgot! I
	B: Oh no! I forgot! I
	(ask) her tonight.
4	A: Could I speak to Jim, please?
	B: Wait a minute. I
5	A: What are your plans for the weekend?
	B: I (spend)
	some time with my friends.
6	A: What are you doing on Friday night?
	R: Oh I
	(probably/stay) at home with my family.
7	A. Have you tidied your room yet?
	B: No, but I promise I (do) it this afternoon.
8	A. Look at that boy!
	B: Oh yes! He
	(climb) the tree.
9	A. Jason is very clever for his age.
٠	B. Yes He says he
	(become) a doctor when he grows up.
10	A: I'm too tired to cut the grass.
10	B: Don't worry! I (cut) it for you.
	B. Don't mon'j.

Put the verbs in brackets into the future simple, the present simple or the present continuous.

Contained
1 A: Iam seeing (see) Roger at seven o'clock
tonight. B: Really? I thought he was out of town. (19)(40) anything on Friday
(you/do) any ame
morning?
B: No, I'm free. 3 A: I(go) to the cinema. There's a
new film on. Do you want to come with me?
new film on. Do you want to other film/start)?
new film on. Do you want to come (the film/start)? B: What time(the film/start)?
B: What time(have) a party the 4 A: Helen(you/go)?
on April 3rd and (finish) on
May 31st. B: I know. I
B: I know. I(come) to visit us
B: I know. I (go, but less than the second of the s
tomorrow. (she/arrive)?
tomorrow. B: I know. What time(she/arrive)?
7 A: Excuse me, what time
(the train/leave)?
If - and throng madam.
I leakson
The Olympic Staniul Heat Wooling
B: I know. I (want) to get a ticket.
B: I know. I
9 A: I'm really thirsty.
B: 1(get) you a glass of water.
. Leoking tonward to your party.
B: Yes. I hope everyone (enjoy) it.
0
A: How old is your sister? B: She(be) twelve next month.
_ 01 -
B: Sne
B: I(probably/watch)
TV after dinner.
I v altor S.