

( 2019 - 2020 )

# Action Pack 12

Twelfth Grade

Mehwar International Schools



رسالة - انتهاء - نهضة

أسئلة ضع دائرة شاملة لجميع المادة  
الفصل الاول + الفصل الثاني  
على نمط الوزارة الجديد

**Read the following paragraph carefully to answer the next three questions.**

I've been doing business with China for many years. My first trip there was in 2004 CE, and it was not very successful.

**Why was it not successful?**

I worked for a small computer company in Amman. They sent me to China when I was still quite young. If only the company had realised that the Chinese respect age and experience more than youth.

**Did you make any mistakes on that visit?**

Yes! I wish I had researched Chinese culture before I visited the country. In order to be successful in China, you need to know everything about your company. Chinese business people will always ask about a company's successes in the past however, because I worked for a new company, I could not talk about its track record. We did not do any business deals on that first trip.

**When did you learn how to be successful in China?**

I joined a larger company and they sent me on a cultural awareness course. On my next visit to China, it felt as if I hadn't known anything on my first visit.

**1- The reason why Mr Ghanem's first trip to china was not successful is :**

- a. It was his first trip there.
- b. He worked for a small company.
- c. **He didn't have the needed experience as he was young.**
- d. He knows much about his job.

**2- Mr Ghanem learnt how to be successful in China after :**

- a. **He had been on a cultural awareness course.**
- b. He decided to visit China again.
- c. He was old enough to join a larger company.
- d. None of the above.

**3- The sentence which indicates that Mr Ghanem didn't know much about China and it's culture in his first visit is:**

- a. **"I wish I had researched Chinese culture before I visited the country."**
- b. "In order to be successful in China, you need to know everything about your company."
- c. "I've been doing business with China for many years."
- d. "On my next visit to China, it felt as if I hadn't known anything on my first visit."

**Read the following paragraph carefully to answer the next four questions.**

Our country has a high standard of education. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is noncompulsory, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational courses. They can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world.

1- Based on the text , the word that means " **used to describe a particular job and the skills involved** " is :

- Compulsory
- Academic
- **Vocational**
- Institutions

2- The underlined word "**they** " , in the text above , refer to:

- Universities.
- Institutions.
- Schools.
- **Students.**

3- "**In Jordan, pre-school and kindergarten education is optional** ".  
**This sentence is :**

- **True.**
- False.
- Not Stated.

4- "**Memorization determines student's intelligence.** "

**This sentence is :**

- Correct
- Incorrect

**Read the following paragraph carefully to answer the next four questions.**

The King Hussein Cancer Center is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. It treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities. In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. The hospital will have more than doubled its capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000. By then, they will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and paediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, they will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an education centre which will include teaching rooms and a library. Many cancer patients live far away from Amman, where the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan.

- 1- Patients come from other countries in the region to the hospital for cancer treatment as they are attracted by :**
  - a. the hospital's excellent reputation.
  - b. the culture and language similarities.
  - c. a + b
- 2- The underlined pronoun refers to :**
  - a. Jordan
  - b. The hospital
  - c. Patients
- 3- Based on the text , the word that means " Describing the area of medicine that deals with children and their illnesses" is :**
  - a. reputation
  - b. paediatric
  - c. expansion
- 4- The learning facilities that the educational centre will include are :**
  - a. teaching rooms and a library
  - b. a special ten-floor outpatients' building
  - c. bigger units for different departments

## Choose the correct item to complete the sentences.

1. School students ----- at 6 o'clock every morning.  
( **will get up**      **get up**      **got up** )
2. Fadi is lazy. He seldom ----- hard .  
( **worked**      **works**      **was working** )
3. What time ----- you usually ----- in the morning ?  
( **do-get up**      **did-get up**      **does-get up** ) )
4. water ----- at 100 degrees.  
( **is boiling**      **was boiling**      **boils** )
5. Watch out ! water ----- . Can you turn it off?  
( **boiled**      **is boiling**      **was boiling** )
6. They always ----- the meeting exactly on time.  
( **arrive**      **will arrive**      **were arriving** )
7. I've lost my pen again. I ----- always ----- things!  
( **lose**      **am losing**      **is losing**      **lost** )
8. You are always ----- the piano too loud! That's really annoying!  
( **play**      **plays**      **playing** )
9. My grandfather always ----- us when he was alive.  
( **visited**      **are visited**      **is visiting** )
10. I ----- with some friends until I find a place of my own.  
( **lived**      **am living**      **was living** )
11. The police man ----- two people so far today.  
( **has interviewed**      **have interviewed**      **had interviewed** )
12. Nada ----- any essays this morning.  
( **hasn't written**      **hadn't written**      **haven't written** )
13. She ----- lunch today.  
( **has**      **had**      **has had** )
14. The river is going to flood. It ----- continuously for two weeks.  
( **had been raining**      **have been raining**      **has been raining** )
15. I----- the house. That's why I have some paint on my clothes.  
( **has been painting**      **have been painting**      **had been painting** )
16. Shadi ----- Tokyo last week.  
( **arrived**      **was arriving**      **had arrived** )
17. I ----- the football game when you arrived home.  
( **watched**      **was watching**      **had watched** )

18. While I ----- the email , the computer stopped.  
 ( was writing      wrote      written )
19. We had cleaned the house before our guests -----.  
 ( are arriving      arrived      have arrived )
20. By 1945 , a quarter of the population ----- .  
 ( has emigrated      had emigrated      have emigrated )
21. By the time the police ----- , the thief had disappeared.  
 ( arrived      have arrived      will arrive )
22. After she ----- the letter, she posted it.  
 ( had written      writes      was writing )
23. They ----- to Tokyo for a few hours by this time yesterday.  
 ( had been flying      have flown      has been flying )
24. He ----- for a long time when the phone rang.  
 ( had been working      have worked      has been working )
25. Before long , all prosthetics ----- bionic.  
 ( will be      were      had been )
26. I ----- probably ----- home late tonight.  
 ( will be      have been      going to be )
27. Look at these black clouds ! It ----- at any time.  
 ( is going to rain      will be rained      rains )
28. I ----- tomorrow. I've got my plane ticket.  
 ( leave      am leaving      have been leaving )
29. Ali ----- about his friend when he received a text from him.  
 ( thought      had been thinking      has been thinking )
30. In the future, it ----- that over 40% of the population in Jordan will have a smartphone.  
 ( was estimated      is estimating      is estimated )
31. Some companies promise that basic knowledge ----- yours in 24 hours.  
 ( will be      are      was )
32. I ----- my driving test , so I can borrow his car next week.  
 ( have passed      has passed      will pass )
36. An introductory grammar of Jordanian sign language ----- in 2004.  
 ( is published      was published      were published )
37. The television ----- first ----- by John loggie Baird.  
 ( were invented      was invented      is invented )
38. Different goods among the countries can be ----- by traders.  
 ( transports      transport      transported )

39. If you boil water, it ----- .  
 ( **will evaporate**      **evaporated**      **evaporates** )
40. If Sami studies hard, he ----- all his exams.  
 ( **passed**      **will pass**      **would pass** )
41. If I ----- you, I would send a text message .  
 ( **were**      **am**      **had been** )
42. If Ali ----- his own computer, he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer.  
 ( **has**      **have had**      **had** )
43. I had my computer -----.  
 ( **fix**      **fixes**      **fixed** )
44. I intend ----- English language.  
 ( **learned**      **to learn**      **learning** )
45. I want ----- a tablet.  
 ( **to get**      **getting**      **got** )
46. I can't afford ----- a computer at the moment.  
 ( **to buy**      **buying**      **buy** )
47. Are you planning ----- shopping tomorrow ?  
 ( **to go**      **goes**      **going** )
48. I ----- smoke twenty cigarettes a day , but now I don't smoke anymore.  
 ( **used to**      **am used to**      **were used to** )
- 49 . My father -----emails when he was my age.  
 ( **isn't used to sending**      **didn't use to send**      **weren't used to sending** )
50. We always go to the market across the street, so we ----- fresh vegetables.  
 ( **are used to eat**      **use to eat**      **are used to eating** )
51. Don't phone me at seven. I ----- dinner with my family.  
 ( **would have**      **will be having**      **have** )
52. This time next month, my parents ----- married for twenty years.  
 ( **are**      **will have been**      **have been** )
53. You can borrow this book tomorrow. I ----- it by then .  
 ( **will have finished**      **finish**      **will finish** )
54. Perhaps Issa's phone is broken. Issa's phone might -----.  
 ( **be broken**      **break**      **broke** )
55. I told you about the man ----- lives next door.  
 ( **who**      **which**      **where**      **whose** )
56. Do you see the tiger ----- is lying on the roof ?  
 ( **who**      **which**      **when**      **whom** )
57. The city ----- we met Ali is very beautiful.  
 ( **who**      **which**      **where**      **when** )
58. I live in London , ----- is the capital of UK .  
 ( **which**      **where**      **when**      **whose** )
59. I know the minister ----- brother is my friend .  
 ( **who**      **which**      **where**      **whose** )



60. Many instruments ,that are still today in -----, were designed by Arab scholars.  
 ( **operational**            **operate**            **operation**            **operationally** )
- 61 . When do you ----- to receive your test results?  
 ( **expect**            **expectedly**            **expectancy**            **expected** )
62. -----, a man proposes to a woman, not the other way round.  
 ( **Traditional**            **Traditions**            **Traditionally**            **Tradition** )
63. Petra is an important ----- site.  
 ( **archaeological**            **archeology**            **archaeologically** )
64. The synonym of the word "apparatus" is -----.  
 ( **appendage**            **artificial**            **equipment**            **paediatric** )
65. The colour idiom " see red " means -----.  
 ( **become sad**            **get permission**            **unexpectedly**            **become angry** )
66. The colour idiom " out of the blue " means -----.  
 ( **become sad**            **get permission**            **unexpectedly**            **become angry** )
67. The colour idiom " a white elephant " means -----.  
 ( **sadness**            **unexpectedly**            **a useless possession** )
68. Have you heard the good news ? We've got the -----to go ahead with our project !  
 ( **white elephant**            **red-handed**            **green light**            **out of the blue** )
69. Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught ----- .  
 ( **white elephant**            **red-handed**            **green light**            **out of the blue** )
70. I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely -----.  
 ( **white elephant**            **red-handed**            **green light**            **out of the blue** )
71. Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a -----.  
 ( **white elephant**            **red-handed**            **green light**            **out of the blue** )
72. The Phonetic Transcription for the word : ( importance ) is :  
 ( **/ɪm'pɔ:təns**            **/ɪm'pɔ:tens**            **/ɪm'pɔ:tans** )
73. The Phonetic Transcription for the word : ( school ) is :  
 ( **/'skul /**            **/sku:l /**            **/'skool /**            **/'sk ɔ:l /** )
74. **/'kæriŋ** is the Phonetic Transcription for the word :  
 ( **caring**            **curating**            **curing**            **carrying** )
75. The correct collocation is " catch -----."  
 ( **an idea**            **attention**            **time**            **a course** )
76. The correct collocation is " get -----."  
 ( **an idea**            **an interest**            **time**            **a course** )
77. The correct collocation is " take -----."  
 ( **an idea**            **an interest**            **time**            **a course** )



78. The correct collocation is " **spend** -----."
- ( **an idea**      **an interest**      **time**      **a course** )
79. The correct collocation is " **attend** -----."
- ( **an idea**      **an interest**      **time**      **a course** )
80. To give your ideas to another person or a group " is to -----.
- ( **compare ideas**      **create ideas**      **research ideas**      **share ideas** )
81. To construct a website that doesn't exist " is to -----.
- ( **compare a website**      **create a website**      **research a website** )
82. "Treatment and medicines will taste as delicious as real food". The rhetorical device used in the previous sentence is -----.
- ( **contrast**      **simile**      **personification**      **metaphor** )
83. "The world will be at your fingertips" The rhetorical device used in the previous sentence is -----.
- ( **metaphor**      **simile**      **personification**      **onomatopoeia** )
84. "Our computers and mobile phones will take care of us". The rhetorical device used in the previous sentence is -----.
- ( **metaphor**      **simile**      **personification**      **onomatopoeia** )
85. The opposite of the word "natural" is -----
- ( **apparatus**      **appendage**      **artificial**      **paediatric** )
86. The synonym for the word " appendage" is -----
- ( **apparatus**      **limb**      **artificial** )
87. The suffix "proof" means : -----
- ( **provide protection with**      **provide protection on**  
**provide protection in**      **provide protection against** )
88. The opposite of the phrase "bounce back" is -----.
- ( **take back**      **down back**      **set back**      **sit back** )

## Choose the correct item to complete the sentences.

1- My brother started reading the novel at 8:00 a.m. , and he is still reading it.

He -----.

- a. have been reading the novel since 8:00 a.m.
- b. has been reading the novel since 8:00 a.m.**
- c. had been reading the novel since 8:00 a.m.

2- Our school intends to raise enough money to build a new library.

Our school ----- raise enough money to build a new library.

- a. was planning to
- b. is planning to**
- c. are planning to

3- Amal did the washing up, and then she went to the library.

Before -----

- a. Amal went to the library , she had done the washing up.**
- b. Amal goes to the library , she had done the washing up.
- c. Amal went to the library , she has done the washing up.

4- " I worked as a waiter before becoming a chef . "

Hashem told me that -----.

- a. he have worked as a waiter before becoming a chef .
- b. he has worked as a waiter before becoming a chef .
- c. he had worked as a waiter before becoming a chef .**

5- " I enjoy working in my garden. "

Rasha said that -----.

- a. he enjoyed working in his garden .
- b. he enjoyed working in her garden .**
- c. he enjoyed working in my garden .

6- They build the mansion in 1899.

**The mansion** -----.

- a. **was built in 1899.**
- b. were built in 1899.
- c. is built in 1899.

7- Our teacher has tested us on our English grammar.

**We** -----.

- a. had been tested on our English grammar by Our teacher.
- b. has been tested on our English grammar by Our teacher.
- c. **have been tested on our English grammar by Our teacher.**

8- My friend asked someone to fix his car.

**My friend** -----.

- a. **had his car fixed.**
- b. have his car fixed.
- c. has his car fixed.

9- I think you should call the bank and cancel the credit card .

**If** -----.

- a. I were you , I should call the bank and cancel the credit card.
- b. **I were you , I would call the bank and cancel the credit card.**
- c. I were you , I will call the bank and cancel the credit card.

10- It is necessary to get good grades in science to study medicine.

**You** ----- **get good grades in science to study medicine.**

- a. **have to**
- b. has to
- c. had to

11- It isn't necessary to translate the papers this weekend.

You -----.

- a. didn't have to translate the papers this weekend.
- b. don't have to translate the papers this weekend.**
- c. doesn't have to translate the papers this weekend.

12- The drivers are not allowed to stop here.

The drivers -----.

- a. didn't have to stop here.
- b. have to stop here.
- c. mustn't stop here.**

13- Perhaps Issa's phone is broken.

Issa's phone -----.

- a. might be broken.**
- b. was broken.
- c. is broken.

14- It is normal for Sally to work for long hour.

She -----.

- a. used to work for long hour.
- b. is used to work for long hour.
- c. is used to working for long hour.**

15- It isn't familiar for him to stay up late at night.

He -----.

- a. didn't use to stay up late at night.
- b. isn't used to staying up late at night.**
- c. used to stay up late at night.

16- London is a huge city. It is the capital of Uk.

London , -----.

- a. which is the capital of UK , is a huge city.**
- b. where is the capital of UK , is a huge city.
- c. when is the capital of UK , is a huge city.

17- Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in Iraq.

The country -----.

- a. where Jabir Ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was Iraq.
- b. whom Jabir Ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was Iraq.
- c. when Jabir Ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory was Iraq.

18- Al-Kindi is especially famous for his work in geometry.

It is -----.

- a. Al-Kindi is especially famous for his work in geometry.
- b. **Al-Kindi that is especially famous for his work in geometry.**
- c. Al-Kindi which is especially famous for his work in geometry.

19- I like Geography most of all.

The subject -----.

- a. which I like most of all was Geography.
- b. **which I like most of all is Geography.**
- c. which I like most of all are Geography.

# الفصل الثاني

**For each question, choose which of the four possible answers fits the space.**

- 1- I keep getting ----- advice - some people tell me to keep it warm and some tell me to put ice on it.
- compulsory
  - **contradictory**
  - colloquial
  - biology
- 2- You should study ----- if you're interested in learning about the legal system. I studied it because I wanted to help people, and now I have a great job in an office.
- linguistics
  - history
  - physics
  - **law**
- 3- I found it hard to follow what the teacher was saying, and eventually I lost-----.
- circulation
  - dehydration
  - **concentration**
  - nutrition
- 4- The government has refused to ----- with the strikers.
- agreement
  - dominate
  - evolve
  - **negotiate**
- 5- If you send money to charity, you will ----- to a lot of lives.
- do a subject
  - make a start
  - **make a difference**
  - take a break
- 6- Before you set your targets, make sure that they are-----.
- achievement
  - **achievable**
  - achieve
  - achiever



7- His books are full of -----and useless information.

- repeat
- repeatedly
- repetitively
- **repetition**

8- You'll -----the baby wearing that mask.

- **frighten**
- fright
- frightening
- frightened

9- She -----folded the letter and put it in her pocket.

- care
- **carefully**
- careful
- caring

10- The plan includes many unreasonable points. I think it needs-----

- revise
- **revision**
- revisable
- Revised

11- ..... is necessary for children to be able to memorise new vocabulary and grammar.

- Repeat
- Repeatedly
- Repeated
- **Repetition**

12- To play it by ----- means to decide how to deal with a situation as it develops.

- **ear**
- air
- feet
- figure

13- You have to ----- up a timetable before you start revising for the exams.

- **draw**
- do
- tidy
- make

14- In order to be successful in China, you need to earn their ----- .

- offence
- effort
- **respect**
- deal

15- In the word " **academic** ", the syllable which receives the primary stress is:

- / ac /
- / a /
- / **dem** /
- / ic /

16- Do you mind giving me some advice please ?

The function of this sentence is :

- **Asking for advice**
- Giving opinion
- Giving preference
- None of the above

17- There are not ----- cars in a village as in a city.

- as much
- **as many**
- more
- less

18- The ----- difficult question in the exam was number 5.

- less
- more
- **least**
- little

19- Could you tell me when ----- revise for exams?

- should I
- if I should
- if shouldI
- **I should**

20- Do you know when ----- from China?

- **Ali arrived**
- did Ali arrive
- Ali did arrived
- did Ali arrived

21- Do mind ----- me what I must study a week before exams?

- to tell
- told
- tells
- **telling**

22- Fish is said ----- good for the brain.

- is
- are
- **to be**
- has been

23- It ----- that we only use a small percentage of our brain power.

- **is thought**
- is thinking
- thinks
- thought

24- Spanish ----- in most South American countries.

- are spoken
- **is spoken**
- speaks
- speaking

25- Ali did not pass his exams. If only he ----- harder last year.

- is studied
- has studied
- **had studied**
- has been studied

26- Jordan needs to import a lot of oil. If only it ----- larger oil reserves.

- has
- has had
- have
- **had**

27- I regret the deal now. I wish we ----- it.

- have done
- haven't done
- won't do
- **hadn't done**

28- I haven't got as much homework ----- my brother.

- so
- like
- as
- than

29- Samia regrets being angry at breakfast time.

If only she ----- angry at breakfast time.

- hasn't been
- **hadn't been**
- isn't
- haven't been

30- Nader should have been more careful with his essay. He didn't get a good mark.

Nader wishes ----- .

- **he had been more careful with his essay.**
- he has been more careful with his essay.
- he will be more careful with his essay.
- he is more careful with his essay.

31- We live in a very small flat.

If only ----- in a big house.

- we live
- **we lived**
- we are living
- we have lived

32- My brother and I never like to watch the same TV programme.

I wish we ----- .

- like the same things
- likes the same things
- **liked the same things**
- have liked the same things

33- I'm looking at a beautiful view, and I'd love to take a photo.

If only I ----- a camera with me.

- have
- have had
- am having
- **had**

34- I want to go out this afternoon, but I have a bad headache.

If only I ----- a bad headache.

- don't have
- **didn't have**
- haven't had
- hasn't had

35- People say that the brain is like a computer.

It -----.

- say that the brain is like a computer.
- **is said that the brain is like a computer**
- is saying that the brain is like a computer
- says that the brain is like a computer

36- Where does the bus go from ?

Could you tell me ----- ?

- where the bus go from
- **where the bus goes from**
- where the bus went from
- where the bus did go from

37- People say that this kind of oil is the best in the country.

This kind of oil ----- .

- were said to be the best in the country
- has been said to be the best in the country
- are said to be the best in the country
- **is said to be the best in the country**

**38- Bilal regrets being rude to his brother last night.**

**Bilal wishes ----- more polite.**

- **he had been**
- he has been
- he is
- he hasn't been

**39- From the alternatives given below, choose the correct word spelling.**

- **Knitwear**
- knetwear
- knitwere
- knituear

**40- From the alternatives given below, choose the correct word spelling.**

- Pharmeceuticals
- **Pharmaceuticals**
- Pharmaceutikals
- Pharmaceoticals

**41- From the alternatives given below, choose the correct word spelling.**

- Multilengual
- Multelingoal
- Moltilingual
- **Multilingual**

**42- From the alternatives given below, choose the correct word spelling.**

- **Psychology**
- Psichology
- Psaychology
- Psiychology

**43- From the alternatives given below, choose the correct word spelling.**

- Sotiology
- Sociology
- **Sociology**
- Sociolojy

**44- Choose the sentence below with the correct punctuation.**

-Finding work in a crowded job market can be challenging sometimes ;  
especially for graduates who does not have any work experience.

**-Finding work in a crowded job market can be challenging sometimes ,  
especially for graduates who does not have any work experience.**

-Finding work in a crowded job market can be challenging sometimes :  
especially for graduates who does not have any work experience.

-Finding work in a crowded job market can be challenging sometimes -  
especially for graduates who does not have any work experience.



**Free writing**

**Editing**

**Guided writing**

**Choose the correct item below : A , B or C to complete the following text.**

Ibn Rushd was a famous Islamic (1) ----- who was born in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, in the twelfth century. During his lifetime, he was widely (2) ----- and respected for his teaching and his books.

Even now, nearly nine hundred years after his birth, he is still remembered as a great scholar (3) ----- scientist and writer. In fact, he is even remembered in space because scientists named an asteroid (that's a rock which orbits the sun) after him, in honour of his great contributions to (4) astronome.

1- **A. polymath.**

B. bolymath

C. ploymath

2- **A. known**

B. knew

C. knows

3- **A. ,**

B. ;

C. ?

4- **The correct spelling of the misspelled underlined word is :**

A. astronomy

B. astrunomy

C. astrenomy

**Choose the correct item below : A , B or C to complete the following sentences.**

- 1- There are many benefits of doing voluntary work ----- gaining new skills and developing the community.**
  - a. because
  - b. such as**
  - c. and
- 2- There are many ways to improve your English such as ----- English novels as much as you can .**
  - a. read
  - b. reads
  - c. reading**
- 3- ----- things should be done to keep fit such as reducing the amount of calories and doing regular exercise.**
  - a. There are many**
  - b. There is many
  - c. There aren't any
- 4- Qasir Bahir ----- in Jordanian desert and it was constructed in the beginning of the 4<sup>th</sup> century.**
  - a. locates
  - b. is located**
  - c. are located
- 5- Mahmoud Darwish ----- in 1942.**
  - a. is born
  - b. born
  - c. was born**
- 6- "There are not as many students studying science so English." This sentence is grammatically:**
  - a. Correct
  - b. Incorrect**
- 7- The popularity of English is ----- while the popularity of music is the least.**
  - a. the less
  - b. the more
  - c. because
  - d. the most**

**Read the following text, and then choose the correct item for each question.**

In the future, (1) **because of** the infrastructural changes that are happening constantly at the moment. To me, it seems that transport may will have changed a lot in one hundred years' time.

Perhaps there will be no more private transport by 2115 CE. It is possible that public transport will have improved so much that no one will need their own cars. (2) **We might all be moving around in ecologically-sound electric buses and trams that will take us to our destinations smoothly!**

(3) ----- get to other countries, we will be taking airships, which will be like aeroplanes but with more facilities available. It will be possible to travel to the other side of the world in much less time, because these airships will race around at a far greater velocity.

Finally, modes of transport are always changing, depending on many different factors (4) ----- but one thing is certain; we will still be (5) **travel** the whole world! We might even be able to experience weightlessness by travelling to space!

**1- The function of the underlined linking word indicates :**

- a. cause
- b. result
- c. opposition

**2- The rhetorical device that is used in the underlined sentence is :**

- a. Simile
- b. Personification
- c. metaphor

**3- The correct linking word to fill the gap is :**

- a. In order to
- b. In addition to
- c. However

**4- The correct punctuation mark to fill the gap is :**

- a. .
- b. ,
- c. ?

**5- The correct verb form to replace the incorrect underlined verb is:**

- a. travelling
- b. travels
- c. travelled

**Choose the correct item a , b or c .**

1- **The part of the report that tells the reader what the section will be about is the:**

- a. Introduction
- b. Sub-heading**
- c. Conclusion

2- **The language of the report is formal because :**

- a. There are no contractions.
- b. The sentences are quite long.
- c. There are linking with relative pronouns.
- d. All of the above.**

3- "Some robots will look and sound very like humans, because technology will have advanced a great deal."

**The underlined rhetorical device represents :**

- a. Simile**
- b. Metaphor
- c. Personification

4- "Despite the recent advances in technology, it is still unreliable and very inconvenient."

**The underlined linking word represents :**

- a. Opposition**
- b. Purpose
- c. Cause

5- " ----- provide information concerning participation in the arts in London, England. It will include factors which discourage people from taking part, and suggest ways to increase participation."

- a. The aim of this report is to**
- b. It is recommended that
- c. It appears that

6- " Finally, modes of transport are always changing, depending on many different factors, but one thing is certain; we will still be travelling the whole world! "

**This sentence represents:**

- a. Introduction
- b. Conclusion**
- c. Supporting paragraph

7- We always begin the letter with :

- a. Dear ( name )
- b. Best wishes
- c. See you soon

8- The phrase " Looking forward to hearing from you soon." is used to :

- a. end emails and letters.
- b. begin emails
- c. begin letters.

9- We can end emails and letters with: *Looking forward to ----- from you.*

- a. hear
- b. hearing
- c. hears

10- "The following advice about preparing for exams was given by our teacher. **He** should know – as he has taken so many of them in his life! He said, 'It is not a good idea to study late at night.'

**We use pronouns as ways to:**

- a. link paragraphs or ideas.
- b. start new sentences .
- c. end sentences.

11- **When we write an informal letter we use :**

- a. abbreviations instead of full forms.
- b. idioms and phrasal verbs.
- c. active rather than passive verbs
- d. all of the above

12- **Almost three-quarters of the population are regular users of local public transportation.**

**This sentence represents :**

- a. reporting information
- b. introduction
- c. conclusion

13- **In the discursive essay we explain in detail both sides of the discussion in the -----.**

- a. body
- b. introduction
- c. conclusion

14- The descriptive essay should include :

- a. Rhetorical devices
- b. cite percentages
- c. recommendations

15- In the blog post , the title you write should be :

- a. short and catchy
- b. short but not catchy
- c. neither short nor catchy

16- The following paragraph is an example for a formal -----

I hope you will consider this letter when deciding the future of our school. Thank you.

Yours sincerely,

Nawal Mohsen

- a. sign-off
- b. greeting
- c. request

17- The following greeting is appropriate for :

Dear Mr Hammad,

- a. Formal letter
- b. Informal letter
- c. Emails

**THE END**

**GOOD LUCK**