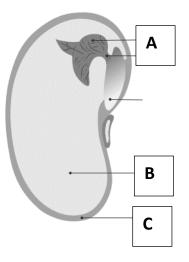


Question 1:

Name the parts of the seed below and write the function of each part:



Name of the partFunction of the partA.It is the baby plant.EmbryoIt is the baby plant.B.Where Food is stored to give energy for the
baby plant.Food storageTo protect the seed from insect and infections.Seed coatIt is part of the seed from insect and infections.





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Parts of a Seed

Question 2:

a. Plants are adapted to disperse seeds in different ways.

Complete the table to identify the type of seed dispersal for each description.

plant	description	type of seed dispersal water	
Α	seeds are large and lightweight so they float		
в	seeds have tiny hooks on them so they attach to things	Animals	
с	seeds have wings and are lightweight so they move in air	Wind	
D	seeds are found inside fruits so they are eaten	Animals	

b. Which stage in the life cycle of a flower happens just after pollination?

Circle the correct answer.

fertilisation

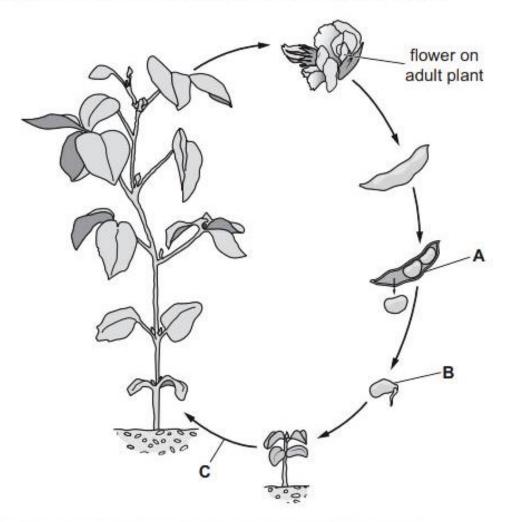
fruit production

germination

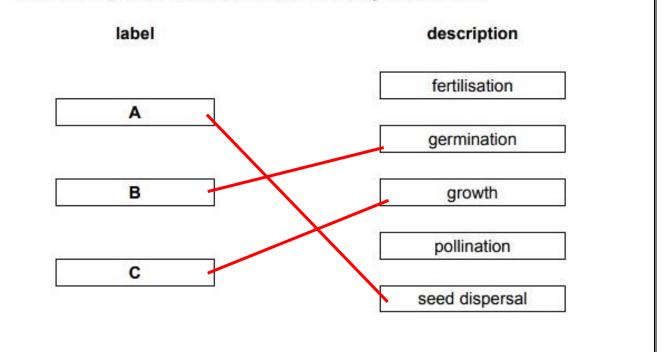
seed production

Question 3:

The diagram shows some of the stages in the life cycle of a plant.

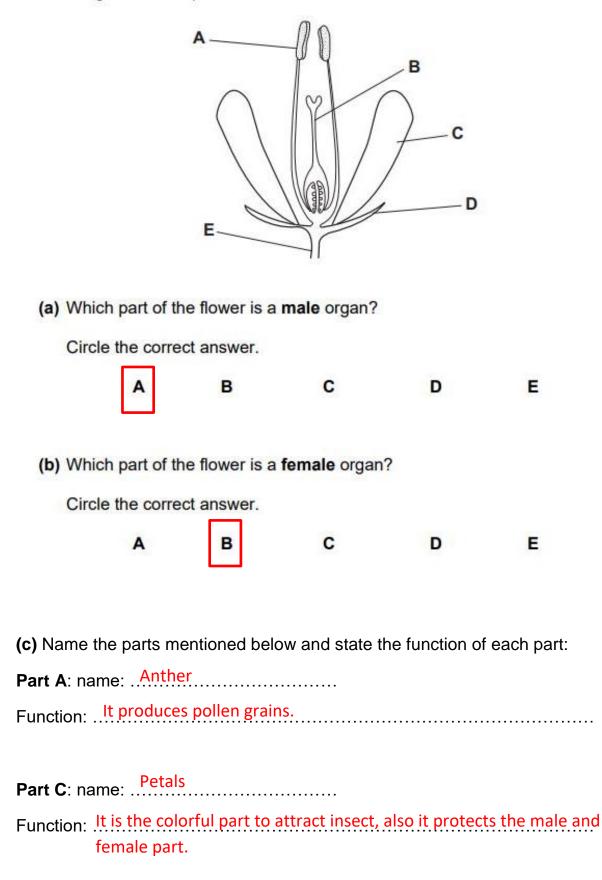


Draw a line to match each label with the description it shows.



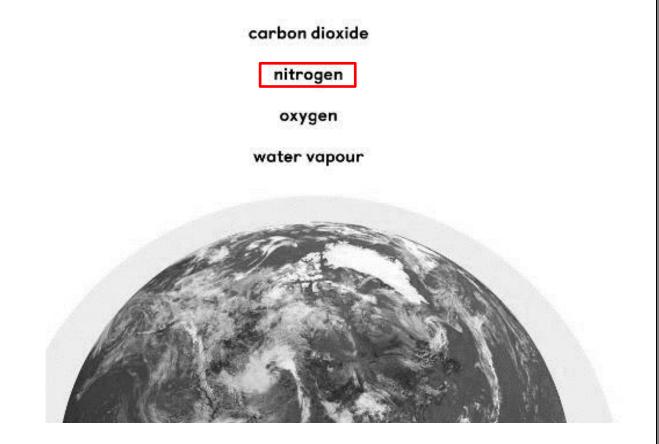
Question 4:

1) The diagram shows parts of a flower.

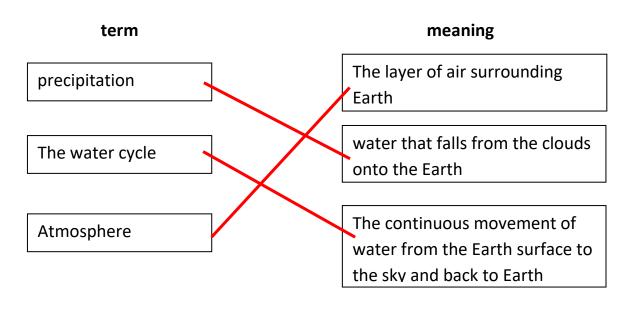


Question 5:

 Which of these gases is found in the most amount in the atmosphere? Circle the correct answer.

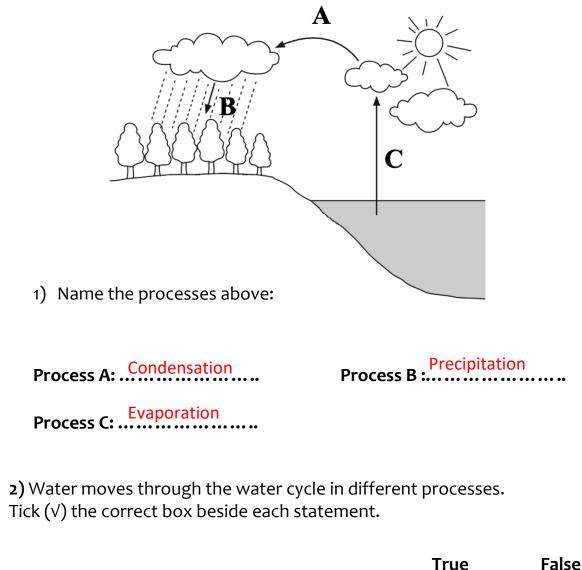


2) Draw a line to match each term with the correct meaning:



Question 6:

The diagram below shows the water cycle.



Condensation is part of the water cycle.	\checkmark	
The process of water changing into a gas is called precipitation.		\checkmark
Water falls back to the ground in a process called evaporation.		\checkmark

Question 7:

Mia investigates seed germination.

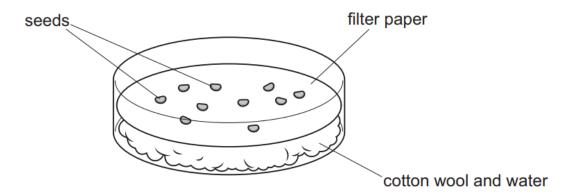
Mia has four dishes A, B, C and D.

Into each dish she puts:

- filter paper
- cotton wool
- seeds
- 3 cm³ of water.

She puts the dishes in different places for five days.

The diagram shows dish A.



Here are her results.

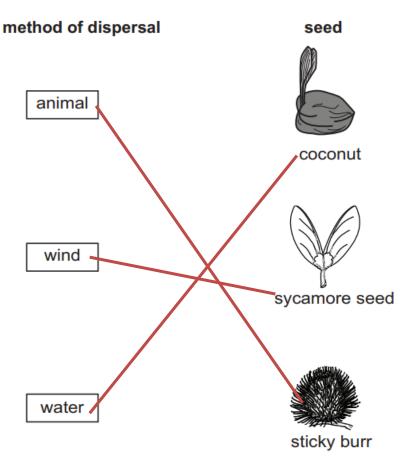
dish	number of seeds in each dish	light or dark	warm or cold	number of seeds germinated
A	10	light	warm	8
В	8	light	cold	1
С	10	dark	warm	7
D	9	dark	cold	0

(a) What is the dependent variable in Mia's investigation?				
She is investigating the number of seed that will germinate.				
(b) Mia's investigation is not a fair test.				
Describe how Mia improves her investigation to make it a fair test.				
To put the same number of seeds in each dish.				
(c) Use the results in the table to complete the sentences.				
A condition needed for these seeds to germinate is Warmth				
The evidence in the table is Most seeds germinated in warmth.				
A condition not needed for these seeds to germinate is Light				
The evidence in the table is <u>Seeds in dish C germinated</u> ,				
while seeds in dish A germinated also even there is light.				
(d) What does a seed need for germination?				
Tick ($$) the correct statement.				
air and water only				
water and a suitable temperature only				
\checkmark air, water and a suitable temperature				

Question 8:

Seeds have different methods of dispersal.

(a) Draw a line to match the method of dispersal to the correct seed.



(b) Name one other method of seed dispersal.

Explosion

(c) Here is a picture of a strawberry.



Describe how animals disperse the seeds of a strawberry.

Animals eat strawberry and the seeds pass through their body and leave the body with the droppings somewhere away from the mother plant.