

Unit 8: Geometry

The book.

Exercise 8A

1 a 40° b 115° c 90°

d $y = 140^\circ$ e $a = 60^\circ$ f $x = 120^\circ$

2 a 35° b $y = 130^\circ$ $x = 50^\circ$

3 $a + b = 180$ as they are on a straight line

$c + b = 180$ as they are on a straight line

$b + c = 180$ as they are on a straight line

$d + c = 180$ as they are on a straight line

Therefore $b = d$ (the same number must be added to c to make 180)

4 any 3 values that sum to 360.

5 Yes, there will be a gap of 10° because the angles add up to 350°

6 Could be angle y : 50° 75°

Could not be angle y : 95° 105°

7 a 45° b 30° c 150°

Activity page 119

4 d 360°

Exercise 8B

1 a 107° b 80° c 48° d 96°
e 55° f 70° g both are 125°

2 The angle sum is greater than 360 , which is not possible

3 $a + b + c = 180^\circ$ because angles in a triangle add up to 180°

$d + e + f = 180^\circ$ because angles in a triangle add up to 180°

so $a + b + c + d + e + f = 360^\circ$

Therefore the angle sum of a quadrilateral is 360° .

4 They add up to 362°

5 78° and 96°

6 a $b = 45^\circ, c = 135^\circ$ b $m = 113^\circ$

7 $2x = 48^\circ, 3x = 72^\circ, 4x = 96^\circ, 6x = 144^\circ$

Exercise 8C

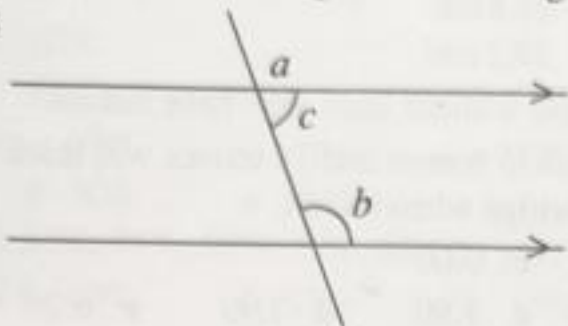
- 1 a a b b
- 2 a a and e b b and f
- 3 a $a = 50^\circ$ (corresponding angles)
b $b = 130^\circ$ (corresponding),
 $c = 130^\circ$ (vertically opposite)
c $c = 110^\circ$ (corresponding), $e = 110^\circ$ (vertically opposite),
 $d = 110^\circ$ (corresponding or vertically opposite)
d $g = 40^\circ$ (corresponding), $f = 40^\circ$ (vertically opposite),
 $i = 40^\circ$ (corresponding or vertically opposite),
 $j = 140^\circ$ (angles on a line) $h = 140^\circ$ (vertically opposite)
e $l = n = 55^\circ$ (corresponding), $k = 55^\circ$ (vertically opposite),
 $m = o = 55^\circ$ (corresponding)
- 4 a $p = 125^\circ$, $q = r = 55^\circ$
b $x = 64^\circ$, $y = 116^\circ$, $z = 64^\circ$
c all 90°
- 5 $a = 60^\circ$, $b = 70^\circ$, $c = 120^\circ$, $d = 110^\circ$, $e = 60^\circ$, $f = 70^\circ$
- 6 a and c should have a pair of parallel lines
d When a line crosses a pair of parallel lines, corresponding angles are equal
e When a line crosses a pair of lines, and corresponding angles are equal, the pair of lines must be parallel

Exercise 8D

- 1 a y b x
- 2 a w b q c u
- 3 a x b p c v
- 4 a 54° b 147° c 37° d all 75°
- 5 a corresponding b alternate
- 6 a $x = 56^\circ$ (alternate), $y = 56^\circ$ (vertically opposite)
b $m = 60^\circ$ (alternate), $n = 60^\circ$ (corresponding)
c $g = 54^\circ$ (alternate), $h = 63^\circ$ (alternate)
d $r = 48^\circ$ (alternate), $s = 48^\circ$ (corresponding),
 $t = 48^\circ$ (alternate)
- 7 a AB is parallel to DC b AD is parallel to BC
c alternate d corresponding

- 8 a and c should have a pair of parallel lines
a alternate angles; c corresponding angles
- 9 $x + y = 180^\circ$
- 10 $x = 45^\circ$
- 11 Yes, because the one diagonally opposite is equal to the one you know. The other ones are also equal in size and can be found by subtracting the known angle from 180° .

12



$a = b$ (corresponding angles)

$a + c = 180^\circ$ (angles on a straight line)

since $a = b$ then $a + c = 180^\circ$ becomes $b + c = 180^\circ$

Exercise 8E

- 1 and
- 2 $(3, 6)$ $(3, 1)$ $(3, 0)$ same vertical; $(8, -8)$ $(8, 3)$ same vertical;
 $(2, 5)$ $(-7, 5)$ same horizontal; $(-2, -2)$ $(0, -2)$ $(10, -2)$
same horizontal
- 3 $(5, 8)$ $(-5, 8)$
- 4 a 8 b 1 c 13 d 40
e 17 f 4
- 5 3
- 6 $(-3, 4)$
- 7 $(-2, k)$ where k can be any number (other answers are possible
if AB considered as the one of the equal sides)
- 8 24
- 9 $(4, 7)$ and $(12, 11)$
- 10 a $(4, 3)$ b $(-2, 4)$ c $(0, -1)$
- 11 E = $(17, 10)$ and F = $(12, 20)$
- 12 $(2, 3)$ $(9, 3)$ are on the same horizontal line so the other two
vertices also need to be on the same horizontal line and the y
coordinates are different

Exercise 8

- 1 66°
- 2 a $a = 150^\circ, b = 130^\circ, c = 20^\circ$
b $p = 60^\circ, q = 35^\circ$
- 3 a $b = 32^\circ, c = 148^\circ$
b $d = 130^\circ$
c $j = k = 146^\circ$
d $l = n = 77^\circ, m = 103^\circ$
e $o = 135^\circ, p = 45^\circ$
f $q = 115^\circ, r = 120^\circ$
- 4 75°
- 5 a 9 b 5
- 6 $(-2, 5)$
- 7 a $(4, 5)$ b $(-5, 5)$

Check out

- 1 135°
- 2 67°
- 3 a $a = 115^\circ, b = 65^\circ$
b $p = 50^\circ, q = 130^\circ, r = 50^\circ$
- 4 a a and 75° ; b and c
b $a = 75^\circ, b = 70^\circ, c = 70^\circ$
- 5 a f and 65°
b $d = 55^\circ, e = 55^\circ, f = 65^\circ$
- 6 3

Homework book.

8A

1 55°

2 210°

3 160°

4 105°

5 105°

6 $a = 110^\circ, b = 70^\circ, c = 110^\circ$

7 $a = 94^\circ, b = 86^\circ, c = 94^\circ$

8 $146^\circ, 146^\circ$

9 $72^\circ, 72^\circ, 72^\circ, 72^\circ, 72^\circ$

10 $60^\circ, 60^\circ, 90^\circ, 50^\circ$

11 $46\frac{2}{3}^\circ, 93\frac{1}{3}^\circ, 140^\circ$

12 No. The angles add up to 359° , not 360° .

8B

1 83°

2 97°

3 $a = 50^\circ, b = 140^\circ, c = 120^\circ, d = 50^\circ$

4 Yes. The angles add up to 359° , not 360° .

5 a $a + c = 72^\circ$

b possible answer: 60° and 12°

8C-8D

1 $a = 64^\circ, b = 64^\circ$

2 $a = 140^\circ, b = 40^\circ, c = 40^\circ$

3 $a = 50^\circ, b = 130^\circ, c = 50^\circ, d = 50^\circ, e = 130^\circ,$
 $f = 50^\circ, g = 130^\circ$

4 $a = 122^\circ, b = 58^\circ, c = 122^\circ, d = 122^\circ, e = 58^\circ,$
 $f = 122^\circ, g = 58^\circ$

5 $x = 60^\circ, 2x = 120^\circ$

6 $x = 45^\circ, y = 135^\circ, 3x = 135^\circ$

7 $a = 70^\circ, b = 70^\circ, c = 55^\circ, d = 125^\circ$

8 $a = 60^\circ, b = 40^\circ, c = 80^\circ$

SE

1 $(1, -3), (1, 5), (1, 0)$

2 $(-4, -2), (5, -2), (0, -2), (2, -2)$

3 **a** 7 **b** 3 **c** 5

d 6 **e** 13 **f** 10

4 $(5, -2)$

5 $(5, -2), (-11, -2)$

6 possible answers: $(2, 0), (2, 3), (2, 8)$

7 $(-1, 1)$

8 $(3, 2)$