

The Primary Stage of Grades (4-5) School Year 2022 - 2023

Name:	Subject: English Language Revision Sheet#	
	Revision Sheet #	2 Key
Date: / /	Class: <u>Grade 4 National</u>	(All sections)

Objective/s: To read a text and answer related questions

To revise the covered concepts for the second month assessment.

Comprehension:

Read the following text carefully and answer the related questions.

The History of Chocolate

Chocolate bars. Chocolate ice cream. Chocolate milk. Delicious! But where does chocolate come from?

The Origin of Chocolate

Chocolate is made from the fruit of cacao trees, starting about 100 million years ago. The Olmecs of Mexico were

Cadbury Chocolate Bar 1830

probably the first to grow the cacao plant. It is thought that they used the cacao beans to make drinks, but there is no written history for the Olmecs.

The Olmecs passed their cacao knowledge to the Ancient Maya of Mexico and Central America, who made chocolate into a spicy drink used in ceremonies. Cacao started to become very precious. Later the Aztecs used cacao for trade and the cacao seeds as a form of money.

Bringing Chocolate

In 1502, Christopher Columbus was the first European explorer to come into contact with cacao beans when he and his crew captured a trade ship. He presumed the beans were a type of almond and brought them back to Europe, not knowing the potential value of the unusual beans.

The Spanish Conquistador, Hernán Cortés, arrived in Central America in 1519. There he saw the Aztec Emperor drinking 'Xocalatl', the earliest known hot chocolate, and Cortés realised the great value that it had. Almost ten years later, Cortés established a cacao plantation for trading. He took the beans back to Spain along with the chocolate drink recipe. Here, cinnamon and other spices were added to the bitter brew and it was sweetened with sugar.

Beans to Bars

In 1657, the first chocolate house was opened in London. Cacao was an expensive import and only the rich could afford to drink chocolate. In fact, in France, chocolate could be drunk only by the royal family.

Up until the 1700s, chocolate was mainly a drink, but in 1830 the first real, moulded chocolate bar was produced. By the late 19th century, chocolate companies such as Cadbury were mass-producing boxes of chocolates.

Today, chocolate is a multi-billion-dollar industry and people all over the world love the taste of chocolate. This is an industry that will not go away any time soon. You can even make your own!

Did you know?					
To make a good chocolate you only need four ingredients: cocoa beans, cocoa					
butter, sugar and milk powder.					
1. Who were the first to grow the cacao plant? Tick one.					
O the ancient Maya					
O the Olmec					
O Christopher Columbus					
2. True or False? The Aztecs used cacao seeds as a form of money.					
O True					
O False					
3. Who was the first European explorer to come into contact with cacao					
beans? What did he think it was?					
Christopher Columbus. He thought it was a type of almond.					
4. Fill in the missing words.					
Hernán Cortés saw the Aztec Emperor drinking 'Xocalatl', also known as					
hot chocolate.					

5. How did the Spanish make the bitter cacao drink tastier? They added cinnamon and other spices and sweetened it with sugar. 6. Where was the first chocolate house opened? It was opened in London. 7. Up until the 1700s, why could only the rich afford to drink hot chocolate? Cacao beans were expensive to import and chocolate was not massproduced. 8. When was the first chocolate bar produced to eat? Tick one. 0 1830 By the late 19th century 0 657 9. Find and copy the term used for 'producing large quantities'. Up until the 1700s, chocolate was mainly a drink, but in 1830 the first real, moulded chocolate bar was produced. By the late 19th century, chocolate companies such as Cadbury were mass-producing boxes of chocolates. mass-producing 10. What ingredients would you need to make your own chocolate? Ingredients should include cocoa beans, (cocoa) butter, sugar and milk

powder or milk or water.

11. The title of this	text is	_	
a. Beans to Bars	5		
b. Bringing Cho	colate		
c. The History o	f Chocolate		
12. The first heading	g is		
a. The Origin o	f Chocolate		
b. Beans to Ba	rs .		
c. The History	of Chocolate		
13. The second head	ding is	_	
a. Beans to Bars	5		
b. The History o	f Chocolate		
c. Bringing Cho	colate		
14. What is the capt	tion of the visual in t	he text?	
Cadbury Chocol	ate Bar 1830		
ocabulary: 1. Read and compl	ete the following te	ext using a word f	from the box.
farmer's market	convenient	package	local
decrease	Chemicals	century	agriculture

Some people like to buy their food at supermarkets. They think it's more convenient to buy everything they need at the same place. Some of these people even consider the supermarket one of the best inventions of the last century!

However, more and more people now prefer to buy their food at farmer's markets. They say food there is fresher and usually doesn't have any dangerous chemicals. They also claim they are supporting the local farms and helping to decrease the pollution created by transportation and some of the materials used to package food.

Grammar:

- 1. Read the sentences. Write A (action) or T (thing). (/ 4 marks)
 - 1. Would you like to try my cheesecake? A
 - 2. Would you like strawberries on top? T
 - 3. Would you like me to call Harry? A
 - 4. Would you like to see a movie tomorrow night? A
- 2. Circle the correct word. (/ 4 marks)
 - Would you like help/ to help me do some cooking?
 Yes, I would/ wouldn't.
 - Would you like/ to like some of these delicious apples?
 No, I would / wouldn't. I prefer kiwis.

3.	Complete	each o	f the	following	sentences	with	an	appropriate	indefinite
	pronoun.								

- 1. There is somewhere I would like you to visit.
- 2. I met someone yesterday who is a street painter.
- 3. We went nowhere this weekend. We stayed at home.
- 4. The show was amazing. I think eveeryone liked it.

4. Complete each of the following sentences using the correct word with the suffix dis- from the box.

dishonest	disorganized	disproved	disability	distrust	

- 1. A person who is disabled has a disability.
- 2. People who don't tell the truth are often dishonest.
- 3. I disproved his idea about art by showing the works of some famous artists.
- 4. My classroom is never disorganized. Everything is always in the right place.