



The National
Orthodox School
Shmaisani

(Answer key)
(1st month exam)

Name :

October 6, 2022

IBDP Grade 9

Duration 1 hour

Exam Instructions:

- Answers should be written on lined paper skipping every other line
- Exam Duration includes 5 minutes for reading
- Total Marks for this exam is **36** marks
- All Answers should be written in pen
- No sharing of supplies
- **NO QUESTIONS ARE ALLOWED!!**
- **GOOD LUCK!!!!**

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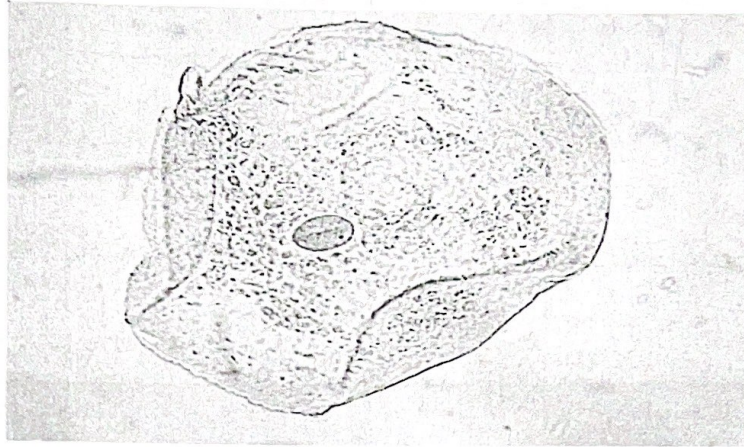


مدرسة شمس

Question One :

Figure 12 shows an animal cell viewed using a microscope.

Figure 12

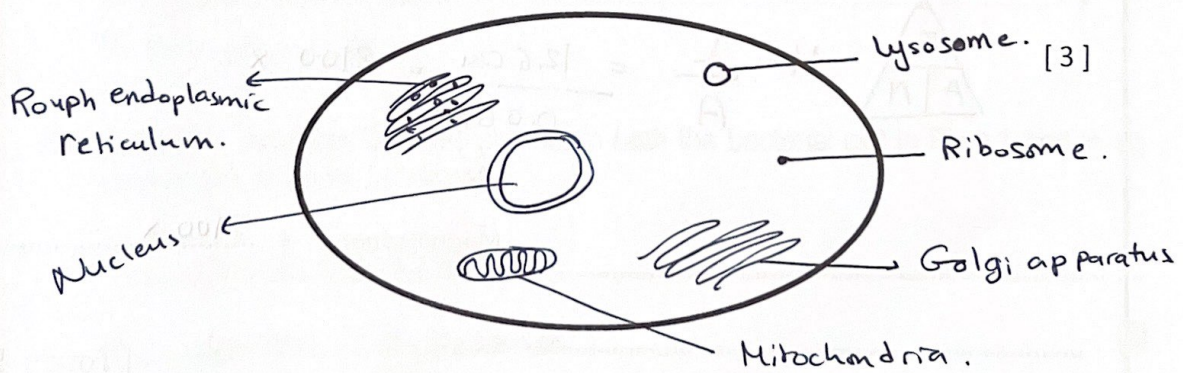


- a. The cell contains a nucleus . What is the function of the nucleus

...Carries genetic information and controls what happens inside the cell. [1]

- b. The diagram shows a eukaryotic cell .

Complete the diagram by drawing and labelling only 3 parts found inside the cell .



- c. Name one structure found in plant cell but not found in animal cell .

...cell wall / chloroplast /

[1]

Question Two :

Fig. 2.2 shows some liver cells as seen with a light microscope.

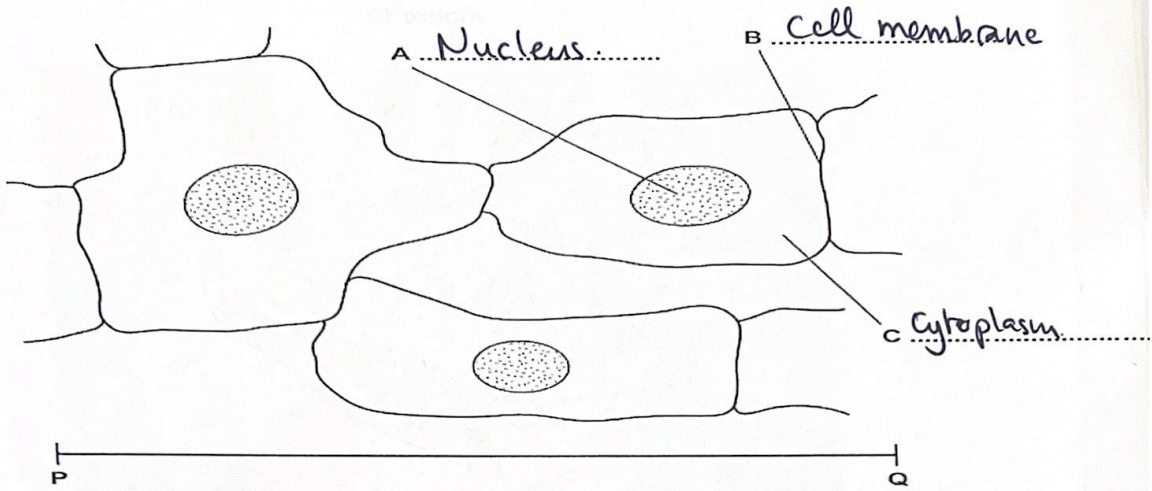


Fig. 2.2

12.6.

- a. Label, on Fig. 2.2, the structures A, B and C.

The distance P-Q is 0.06 mm.

Calculate the magnification of Fig. 2.2.

Show your working.



$$M = \frac{I}{A} = \frac{12.6 \text{ cm}}{0.06 \text{ mm}} = 2100 \times$$

Magnification = 2100 x

[Total : 5

Question Three :

1 Fig. 1.1 shows a diagram of a bacterial cell.

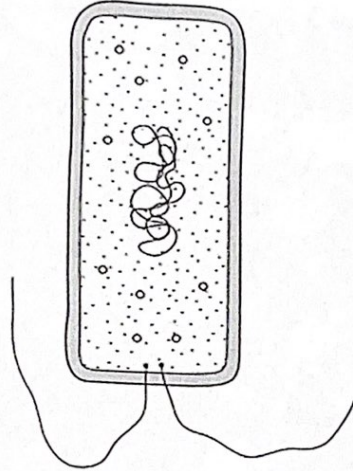


Fig. 1.1

(a) (i) State four structural features, present in a photosynthesising plant cell, that make it different from the bacterial cell in Fig. 1.1.

1. Membrane bound organelles
2. Cell wall (cellulose)
3. It has ~~er~~ mitochondria
4. Ribosomes 80s
5. No plasmid.

(ii) State two structural features present in both the bacterial cell in Fig 1.1 and in an animal cell, such as a liver cell.

1. contain DNA.
2. contain Ribosomes
cell wall.
contain cytoplasm.

Question Four :

Fig. 6.1 shows some cells from the shoot tip of an onion, *Allium cepa*.

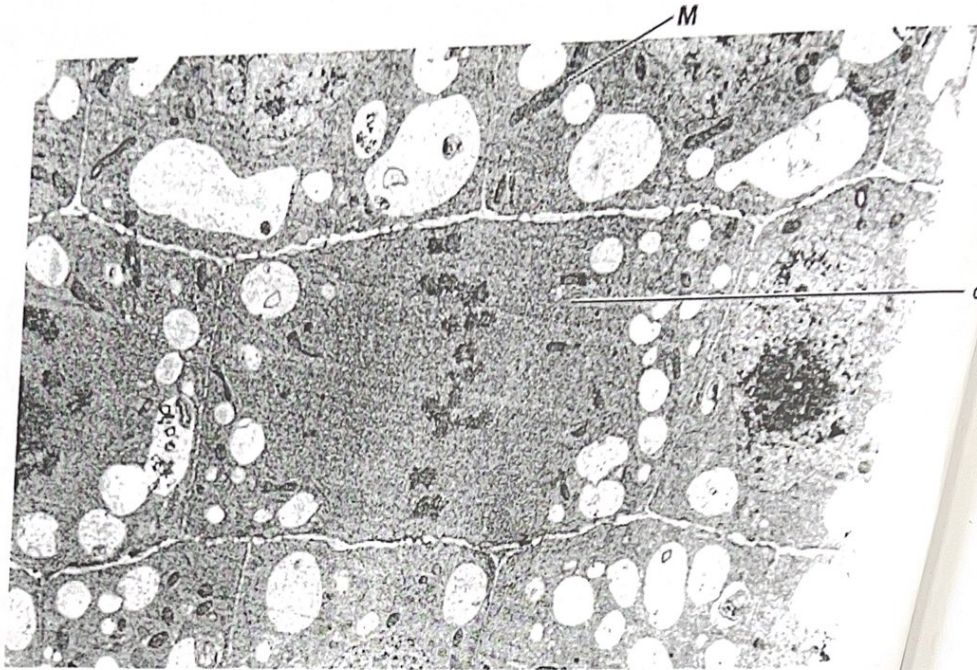


Fig. 6.1

- State the evidence visible in fig.6.1 that identifies the cells of *A. cepa* as plant cells

The presence of cell wall. [1]

Question Five :

- Substances can move into and out of cells through the cell membrane.

Outline the significance of surface area to volume ratio in the limitation of cell size.

Volume : level of metabolic activity
 Surface area : The rate of exchange
 As a cell increases in size, its surface area to volume ratio decreases. [3]

2.

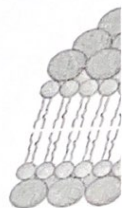
What is a
 the two m

a. The lowe

(b) The lower
 c. A nucleus (image.

d. The upper im

3. The Davsor
 that membra
 lies between i



Question Six :

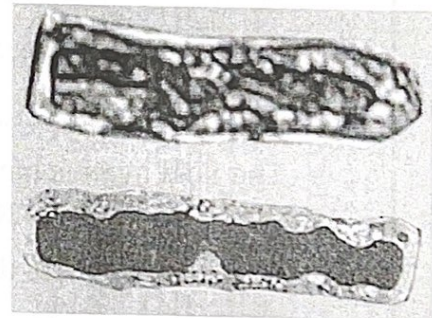
1. What feature of both striated muscle and aseptate fungal hyphae is different from typical cell structure? Circle the correct answer

- (a) They have multiple nuclei within a structural unit.
- b. They have a cell wall that is not made of cellulose.
- c. They have plasmids.
- d. They have an absence of cholesterol in the plasma membrane.

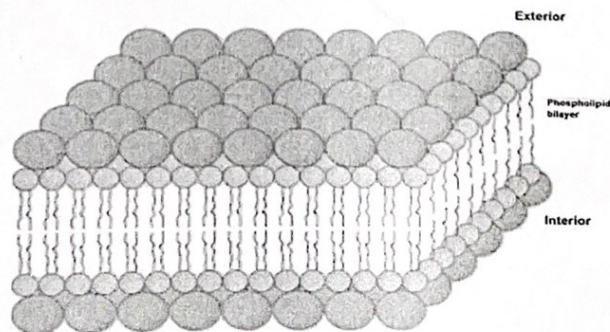
2. The images are microscopic views of two similar cells.

What is a reason for the differences between the two micrographs?

- a. The lower image has a higher magnification.
- (b) The lower image has greater resolution.
- c. A nucleus can only be seen in the upper image.
- d. The upper image is an electron micrograph.



3. The Davson–Danielli model of membrane structure proposed that membranes were composed of a phospholipid bilayer that lies between two layers of globular proteins, as shown in this diagram.



What evidence supported this model?

- a. An electron micrograph that showed two dark lines with a lighter band in between
- b. Freeze-fracture electron microscopy
- c. Evidence that all membranes are identical
- d. The hydrophobic regions of protein would be in contact with water

4. Which statement applies to cholesterol?

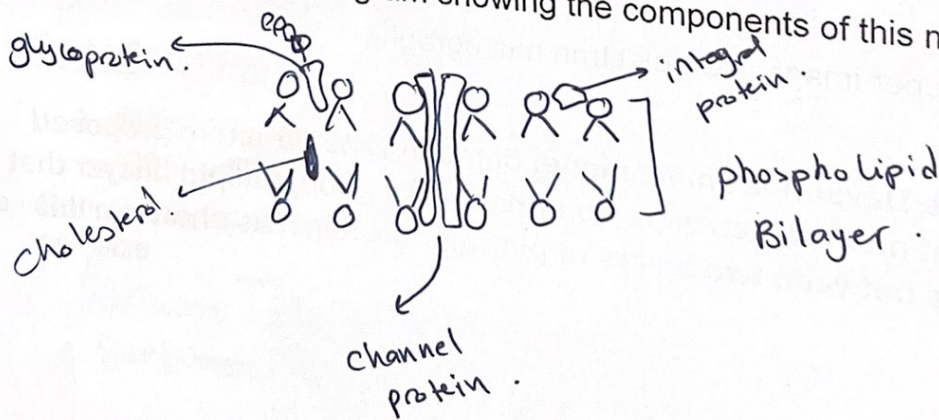
- a. It is hydrophobic and found on the outside of the phospholipid bilayer.
- b. It is hydrophilic and found inside the phospholipid bilayer.
- c. It impacts membrane fluidity.
- d. It is transported in association with glucose in the blood.

[total : 4]

Question Seven :

The fluid mosaic model of S.J. Singer and G.L. Nicolson (1972) is widely upheld to explain membrane structure.

Draw and label a diagram showing the components of this model.



Question Eight :

List the types and functions of membrane proteins .

* Integral protein act as channels in
facilitated diffusion, and active transport:

* Peripheral proteins cell recognition, involved
in immune response

* Glycoproteins: They have various vital
functions:

[6]