

The Primary Stage of Grades (4-5) School Year 2022 - 2023

Name: _____

Subject: Revision sheet #2

Date: / /

Class: Grade 4 CP (All Sections)

Objective/s: : To read a text and answer comprehension questions.

To practise some grammatical concepts covered.

Read the text then answer the questions that follow:

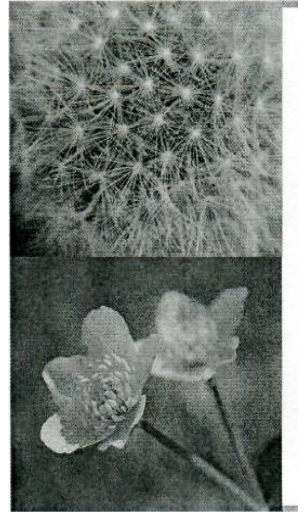
How Weeds Get Everywhere!

How come weeds get everywhere in our gardens? One minute your lawn can be lovely and green and the next minute it's covered - and I mean covered - in dandelions! Well, it's all to do with the clever way that plants **reproduce** in order to keep making more plants.

5 Making the Seeds

So, how do the plants make so many seeds?

Most plants are made up of some female and male plant parts. Bees and other insects come to the flower because they smell nice and have lovely colours. While the bees are in the flower, they help move pollen around to fertilise the plant. Sometimes even the wind can help with moving the pollen around to the right places. Finally, once the plant is fertilised, the seeds can grow. When this happens in a dandelion, the yellow flower turns into what we call a dandelion 'clock'. If you look closely inside a dandelion clock, it is full of dark coloured seeds with light, feathery, white tops that look like umbrellas.



Fact File

- A weed is only a plant that someone does not want in their garden. They can be very pretty!
- 20 • Nettles can be used for making tea and medicines, they are really useful.
- The world's largest weed is giant hogweed. It can grow up to 3.65m in height and has leaves that measure 91cm long.
- Some people think that if you hold a buttercup under your chin and the yellow reflects on your skin, it means that you like butter.

25 Spreading the Seeds

So, how do the seeds get everywhere? This is the clever bit...

As we said before, dandelions make lots and lots of seeds that look like umbrellas. This makes the seeds really good at hovering through the air. So, all they need is the wind to carry them off to another part of the garden, or sometimes even further.

- 30 Before you know it, there are hundreds of seeds all over your lawn. These seeds are all ready to develop and make yet more dandelions.

1- The verb “reproduce” in line 3 means:

- a- to make more of
- b- lose
- c- stop

2- What are the dark- coloured objects that you can see in a dandelion clock?

3- What is the name of the world’s largest weed?



4- List two uses for nettles.

5- How tall can the largest weed grow?

6- A- What do you think happens when you blow on a dandelion clock?

B- How does blowing help the dandelion?

7- Name something mentioned in this text, other than bees and insects, that can move pollen around in the flower.

8- The text you read is a non- chronological report. Mention two features of non-chronological reports.

A _____

B _____

9- What is the purpose of the subheadings?

10- Find a word in lines 26 - 29 that means “floating”:



11- Read the following paragraph.

Finally, once the plant is fertilised, the seeds can grow. When this happens in a dandelion, the yellow flower turns into what we call a dandelion 'clock'. If you look closely inside a dandelion clock, it is full of dark coloured seeds with light, feathery, white tops that look like umbrellas.

Find the following:

- a. An adverb of manner: _____
- b. An adverb of time: _____
- c. An adverb of place: _____

12- Underline the **main clause** in the following sentence:

- Bees and other insects come to the flower because they smell nice and have lovely colours.

13- Underline the **subordinate clause** in the following sentence:

- While the bees are in the flower, they help move pollen around to fertilise the plant

14- Join the two clauses using a suitable connective to make a **complex sentence**.

- People don't want weeds in their gardens. They look pretty.



15- Rewrite the sentence, putting the clause in brackets **into the middle** of the sentence.

- The world's largest weed has leaves that can grow up to 91 cm. (which is the hogweed)

16- **Add the missing commas.**

- a. If you ever need a ride Judy just let me know.
- b. We wanted to go to Spain for our holiday but the hotels are too expensive in summer.
- c. Apples which are my favorite fruit are the main ingredient in this recipe.
- d. Last Sunday evening classes were canceled.

Spelling:

- Add the *-ful* suffix to these words.

1- waste _____

2- tear _____

3- plenty _____

4- joy _____

- Add the *-al* suffix to these words.

1- arrive _____

2- season _____

3- remove: _____

- Change these adjectives into adverbs

1- marvelous _____

2- lazy _____

3- polite _____

4- cheerful _____

