

The Primary Stage of Grades (4-5) School Year 2022- 2023

Name:	Subject: Science
	Unit 7: Sound

Worksheet 2: Pitch and Volume Class: Grade 4 CP (All Sections)

Objective/s

Date: / /

- Describe sounds in terms of high or low pitch and loud or quiet volume.
- Investigate how to change the volume and pitch of sounds.

Question 1:

Drums are used to make sound.



Complete the sentences.

(a)	The drum makes a higher pitch sound when the skin is	
(b)	The drum makes a louder sound when	









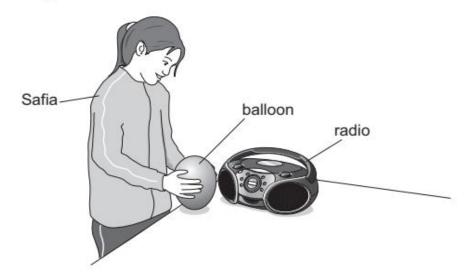






Question 2:

Safia investigates sound.



- She puts a balloon near a radio.
- · She holds the balloon with her hands.
- (a) The radio is switched on.

The radio makes a loud sound.

What does Safia feel with her hands?

(b) Safia wants to measure the volume of the sound from the radio.

What measuring equipment does she use?

.....

(c) Distance is measured in units called metres.

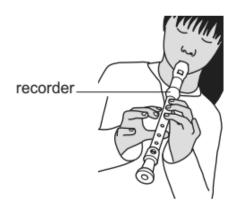
What units measure sound?

Circle the correct answer.

decibels meterbels soundbels unibels

Question 3:

Angelique plays the recorder.



(a) Complete the sentence.

Choose the **best** word from the following.

	bounces	changes	flows	vibrates	
	The air inside the rec	order		·	
(b)	Describe how Angeliq	ue changes the	oitch of the sou	nd from the recorder.	

Question 4: Underline the correct words to complete these sentences:

- a) Sounds are higher-pitched / lower-pitched when the elastic band is stretched tightly.
- b) Sounds are higher-pitched / lower-pitched when the elastic band is long.
- c) Sounds are higher-pitched / lower-pitched when the elastic band is thin.
- d) Sounds are higher-pitched / lower-pitched when the elastic band is short.
- ${\tt e)} \ \ {\tt Sounds} \ {\tt are} \ {\it higher-pitched/lower-pitched} \ {\tt when} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt elastic} \ {\tt band} \ {\tt is} \ {\tt thick.}$
- f) Sounds are higher-pitched / lower-pitched when the elastic band is not stretched tightly.

Question 5:

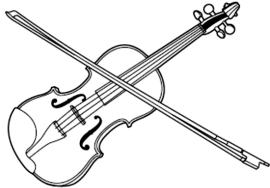


Jon stretches a rubber band between his fingers. When he plucks it with his other hand it makes a sound.

(a)	Why does the rubber band make a sound?	
		[1]
(b)	How can he make the sound louder?	
		[1]
(c)	When he moves his fingers further apart the rubber band stretches mochanges the pitch of the sound.	re. This
	What is pitch?	
		[1]

Question 6:

(a) Anita plays the violin with a bow.



(i) How would she make the volume quieter?	
[1]	
(ii) What two things could she do to play a note with a higher pitch?	
1	
2[2]	
(b) Here are four statements about how a violin makes a note and the se reaches our ear.	ound
Put numbers in the boxes next to each statement to show their correct ord	er.
The body of the violin makes the sound louder.	
The sound carries vibrating air particles until they reach our ears.	
The vibrations enter the body of the violin.	
The violin string vibrates.	